

MILITAMEN STRIKE CAMP, ALL READY TO RETURN TO DISTRICT

Soldiers to Sleep Under "Dog Tents" Tonight, As If On Active Duty.

TO COME BACK TOMORROW

Everyone Much Improved As Result of Healthful Life of Last Twelve Days.

CAMP ORDWAY, Colonial Beach, Aug. 27.—A score of buglers gathered in front of brigade headquarters early today. Out in front of them, in the company streets, stretching away to the northward, every man of the District militia stood beside the tent he has occupied during the last eleven days.

The first note of "The General," the call which marks the passing of all camps, sounded over the big field at precisely 8 o'clock. A few minutes later, with the last note of the call, every tent in camp fell as if released by some giant hand.

Camp Ordway had been struck. Upon the heaps of fallen canvas the militiamen swarmed, carefully folding the tentage, and placing it, along with tent stakes and center poles, at the side of the road which runs at the end of the company streets, and within an almost unbelievably short time the mushroom city of canvas which sprang up almost overnight two weeks ago, was marked only by the tent flies left standing at brigade headquarters and along "Officers' row," with here and there the mess sheds.

Dog Tents To Be Used.

Tonight the little "dog tents," the soldiers' emergency shelter, will dot the big field, and the boys will sleep beneath them just as if they were on active service.

When fatigue sounded at 8:30 a. m., the local troops carried their cots out and piled them beside the tentage, ready for transportation. All the impedimenta of the Signal Corps and the First Separate Battalion was ready at an early hour, and was hauled to the dock at 7 o'clock to be loaded later on the steamers. That of Brigade Headquarters, and the Third Infantry will follow early tomorrow morning.

As soon as all of the camp impedimenta was packed in preparation for the embarkation early tomorrow, the men of the Guard were taken to the big drill field, a mile away from the camp site, for evolutions in close and extended order, and were kept busy through the morning.

Little illness. There has been hardly a case of serious illness during the entire encampment, and the officers of the Guard are enthusiastic over the success which has met their sanitary precautions.

The men themselves are displaying a marked physical improvement. The Virginia sun, combined with the effects of the frequent swimming excursions in the Potomac, has given almost everyone of them a healthful tan, and the long hours in the field, together with the regular routine of camp life, has put spring into the step and stiffness into the carriage of all of the boys. If they were a bit ragged in their "set up" and drill when they arrived here eleven days ago, very little of those particular shortcomings was apparent when they marched out on the field last evening to take part in the final parade and review of the camp.

And one of the real benefits of the season of encampment, which the National Guard will feel, declare its officers, is the "blooding process" through which many of the "rookies" have come with honor.

Men Well Set Up Now.

When the guard left Washington for Colonial Beach there were in the ranks a great many new men, as the result of the recent organization of the guard, and for this reason the general "set up" of many of the companies was badly impaired through the ignorance of what was expected of them on the part of so great a number in the ranks. But the twelve days which the men will have had at real hard practical work by the time they reach Washington again, has done far more for them, declare the officers, than twice that number of regular drills at the armory in town.

The men of the guard will be paid off going up tomorrow on the S. J. Jones. But the officers of the regiment last night received their clothing allowance—\$20 for unmounted officers and \$40 for those who are required to use a horse in the performance of their duties. Among the officers who were paid off yesterday were fifty-one from the First Infantry, ten from the general staff, three from the signal corps, five from the sanitary detachment, and eleven from the First Separate Battalion.

WONDERFUL HOW RESINOL STOPS ITCHING

To those who have endured for years the itching torments of eczema or other such skin eruptions, the relief that the first use of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap gives is perfectly incredible. After all the suffering they have endured and all the useless treatments they spent good money for they cannot believe anything so simple, mild and inexpensive can stop the itching and burning INSTANTLY! And they find it still more wonderful that the improvement is permanent and that Resinol really drives away the eruption completely in a very short time. Perhaps there is a pleasant surprise like this in store for you. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. For trial free, write to Dept. 30-Ry Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Excellent for sunburn.—Adv.

COAL OPERATORS ARE BLAMED FOR STRIKE

George P. West, of Industrial Relations Commission, in Report, Scores Rockefeller.

Responsibility for the strike of coal miners in Colorado in 1913 and 1914 is placed on the shoulders of operators, in a report by George P. West, made public today by the Commission on Industrial Relations. What is characterized as a "ruthless policy of suppression of news" is charged against the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, and it is alleged further that a "union educational campaign," in which a highly paid publicity expert was engaged to get college professors to write articles denouncing trades unions, was carried on by the company. The company, controlled by John D. Rockefeller, is declared to have been the leader in formulating and carrying out strike policies.

Rockefellers Are Criticized. Mr. Rockefeller and his son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., are charged with the selection of incompetent and reactionary agents to serve as executive officers of the company, and with giving their endorsement and support to these officials after they had taken action which precipitated the worst of the strike at Ludlow.

The report says: "During all the seven tragic and bitter months that preceded Ludlow, Mr. Rockefeller wrote letter after letter in enthusiastic praise of men whose acts during this period had precipitated a reign of terror and bloodshed. It was only when the Ludlow massacre filled the press of the nation with editorial denunciation, when mourners in the streets paraded in front of his New York office, when cartoons in the conservative press pilloried him and his father before an angry public, that at last he was forced to change his tune in his letters and telegrams to Denver."

A Nation-Wide Campaign.

In regard to the responsibility for the alleged publicity campaign, the report states:

"The nation-wide significance and importance of the Colorado conflict and the company's ruthless policy of suppression are emphasized again and again. By June, 1914, Mr. Rockefeller has formulated something like a definite plan for a nation-wide publicity campaign. The most highly paid publicity expert in the country has been borrowed from a great eastern railway, to be taken over later as a permanent member of Mr. Rockefeller's staff. A 'union educational campaign' is to be conducted, and the country is to be flooded with articles by college professors and others bitterly denouncing trade unions. And at the very time when he prepares to circulate Prof. Stevenson's intemperate and amazing defense of industrial absolutism and trade against trades unions, Mr. Rockefeller's King, expert on industrial relations, to devise specious substitutes for trade unions that will deceive, mollify, and soothe public opinion while bulwarking the employers' arbitrary control."

Stripped of Liberties.

Officers of the company are criticized for "rebuffing" President Wilson in his efforts to bring about a settlement. The political influence of the company and its associates is declared to be greater today than ever before.

Governor Carlson and Attorney General Farrar are condemned in the report for the "prosecution of union officials and strikers" and the case of John R. Lawson, member of the executive board of the United Mine Workers of America, is reviewed at length.

In discussing the causes of the strike, the report asserts, "the Colorado strike was a revolt by whole communities against arbitrary economic, political, and social domination by the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company and the smaller coal companies that followed its lead."

"This domination," it is charged, "has been carried to such an extreme that two entire counties of southern Colorado for years have been deprived of popular government, while large groups of their citizens have been stripped of their liberties, robbed of portions of their earnings, subjected to ruthless persecution and abuse, and reduced to a state of economic and political serfdom."

Nation's Will Flouted. "Not only the government of these counties, but of the State has been brought under this domination and forced or induced to do the companies' bidding, and the same companies have flouted the will of the people of the nation as expressed by the President of the United States."

The report contains extracts from the correspondence between Messrs. Bowers and Rockefeller, concluding that portion reviewing the beginnings of the strike, "to prove that a spirit of accommodation or conciliation at no time actuated either the Colorado operators or Mr. Rockefeller."

Nadine Face Powder

(In Green Boxes Only)

Keep The Complexion Beautiful Soft and velvety. Money back if not entirely pleased. Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres to the skin. Frequent sunburn and return of discolorations. A million delighted users prove its value. Tints: Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White. By Toilet Counters or Mail, 50c. National Toilet Co., Paris, Tenn.

AND RETURN

SUNDAYS

August 29; September 12, 26; October 10 and 24

SPECIAL TRAIN

Lvs. Washington (Union Station), 7:15 a. m. Returning, leave Broad Street Station 7:15 p. m., West Philadelphia 7:15 p. m., Chester 7:35 p. m., Wilmington 8:30 p. m.

Sale of tickets begins day preceding excursion.

Pennsylvania R. R.

\$2.50 to Philadelphia

\$2.25 to Chester

\$2.00 to Wilmington

NEW YORK EXPORTS \$36,000,000 IN WEEK

Figures Are \$20,000,000 Above Normal, and Steady Advance Is Expected.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Exports from New York in the week ending Tuesday, amounted to \$36,000,000, \$20,000,000 above the normal level of weekly exports at this season. The increase, in large part, represents the value of the war munitions which are being shipped, in the belief of those best informed of conditions.

The real flood of filling war orders has started, and from this time on a steady outgo of this amount is expected weekly, with an increase, as new factories are completed or old ones make additions to their equipment.

For the six months prior to June 1, exporters assert, the figures for goods shipped from this port remained practically at a fixed level. After that time there was a perceptible rise day by day in the export amounts.

The period preceding June 1 was the time when the factories and plants were preparing to execute war order contracts. After June 1 the factories began to turn out their products at a rate which sent the figures soaring, and so taxed the capacities of steamships plying between this city and European ports that ships engaged in other service had to be sent here as carriers.

British Registry Leads.

Although the preponderating number of ships are of British registry, vessels flying the Norwegian and Danish flags have been reaping a harvest.

The Scandinavian peninsula is importing from this country practically all the commodities which heretofore it purchased from the belligerents. Staples which for a score of years have not been shipped to Norway are shown in consular reports to the Department of Commerce to be among the chief exports of that country at the present time.

Exports, it is believed, will continue to increase throughout the summer, and shipping men do not look upon it as unlikely that the figures now prevailing will be surpassed in a few weeks. An indication of the effect war contracts have had upon the exports of this port is furnished by the comparison of the figures for the week ending August 21 last and the figures for the corresponding week last year.

The exports in the week ending August 21 last amounted to \$29,594,643, whereas the amount recorded for the same time last year was \$8,447,321.

Accurate analysis of the facts underlying export statistics is high impossible, because of the involved system of tabulating ships and manifests, and the fact that the statistical bureau of the custom house is short-handed.

Increase in Foodstuffs.

One fact clearly shown by the figures is that the traffic in foodstuffs also has been increased enormously. It is noted that ships have loaded with war stores carried in addition still larger quantities of foodstuffs and many such inconspicuous articles as player pianos, toys, confectionery, bric-a-brac and paintings.

Ammunition, projectiles, cartridges, and explosives carried in the last outward trips of the Espagne, Stampalia, Wacoata, Virginian, Zealandia, Bankdale, Takata Maru, La Rance, Huronian, Arabie, Tropes, and Philadelphiaian were valued at approximately \$4,000,000. Automobiles, motorcycles, motor trucks, and parts which were contained in the cargoes of these ships totaled \$1,500,000. These vessels were valued at \$300,000.

A Matter of Position.

Photographer—Why don't you bring your candidate up here for a photograph? Manager—He says he won't stand for a sitting. Photographer—I believe he's lying.—Farm Life.

GIRL OF FIVE IS KILLED BY HEARSE

Hoboken Funeral Waits As Driver Rushes to Hospital With His Small Victim.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Mary Bagna, five years old, of Hoboken, died at St. Mary's Hospital two hours after being run over by a hearse. Ray Peck, the driver, surrendered to the police immediately after her death and was held on a charge of manslaughter.

Peck, who is employed by Christian Eppie, an undertaker, was driving in Madison street, carrying a body to a funeral. The little Bagna girl was playing on the sidewalk and did not see the hearse coming. She ran into the street. The hearse struck her and knocked her down.

Peck picked her up and laid her inside the hearse beside the coffin. Then he whipped up his horse for the eight-block run to the hospital. There the doctors held out little hope for the child from the first. A number of bones were broken and her skull was fractured.

Peck, having done everything possible, turned his horse about and went back to the funeral, waiting just round the corner from the scene of the accident. As soon as he learned of the girl's death he went to the police station to surrender. He was bailed out shortly afterward by his employer.

Two of a Kind.

A lady selected some purchases in a store, asking that they be kept for her until the next day. When she returned she could not remember who waited on her. After puzzling over the matter, she approached one and asked: "Am I the woman who bought some embroidery here yesterday?" "Yes'm," replied the girl, stolidly, and turned to get it.—Christian Register.

Woman Catches Thief Who Stole Speed Boat

NEWPORT, Aug. 27.—The speed launch Reliance, owned by Hermann Gelrichs, was stolen from her moorings here before daybreak. All day the police traced the boat through long-distance calls down the coast, and the hunt ended in success only when the craft was located at Beach Park, about ten miles west of the mouth of the Connecticut river, near the town of Clinton. The man who had the boat was captured in rather a spectacular manner by a Mrs. Leland and her sons, according to word received by the police here.

The woman's suspicions were aroused. She and her sons strapped the man to a planks post and then sent for the sheriff at Clinton. This official had the boat's description, and once he saw the craft he knew who was the owner. He placed the man under arrest and was off from here in on the way to Clinton.

The Reliance is rated at 90-horsepower, and has a speed of thirty-seven and one-half miles an hour.

Torpedoed Ship's Crew Saved and on Way Home

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The sailors of the 6,000-ton British steamer Windsor, sunk by a German submarine, are en route to this port, her owners were advised today.

Shipping circles received word Sunday that the Windsor had been torpedoed. A Norwegian steamer picked up the crew.

Big Sign, Urging Use of Electricity, Kills Man

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Aug. 27.—The largest electric sign of its kind in northern Indiana, which reads: "Do It Electrically," caused the death of Edward Edwards, aged fifty, of River Park. He was working on the sign, which is on the top of the plant of the Indiana and Michigan Electric Company, when a charge of 2,500 volts of electricity killed him.

Cleanse The Blood Banish Rheumatism

Rheumatism Due to Bad Blood. S. S. S. Your Remedy

Thousands have been made well. People in the poorest health, suffering from Rheumatism, with whom pain was constant. Who believed that their vitality was sapped beyond repair. It was proven to them that the cause of their trouble was the blood; that Uric Acid, the most faithful ally of Rheumatism, had gripped them. The poison in the blood had sapped its strength. The weakened blood had allowed poison and impurities to accumulate, and all energy was gone. They felt "poorly," were listless, pain was ever present, with poor digestion and dyspepsia. They tried S. S. S., nature's blood tonic. They gave up drugs. This compound of nature's remedies of roots and herbs did what drugs failed to do. It literally washed the blood free from poison, and with the flow of pure blood came back health, strength, vigor and happiness. Get S. S. S. from your druggist. Insist upon S. S. S. If yours is a long standing case, write for special advice to S. S. Co., Atlanta, Ga., but begin taking S. S. S. at once.—Adv.

THE WAR GAVE YOU Nujol

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

THE PURE WHITE MINERAL OIL
FOR THE TREATMENT OF CONSTIPATION

A YEAR AGO America was getting practically all its mineral oil from German and Belgian refineries, where it was manufactured from Russian crudes.

Then came the war. Importations ceased, and soon Russian mineral oil was unobtainable.

But mineral oil had become a vital necessity. Doctors everywhere were prescribing it. Thousands of men and women had found the mineral oil treatment for constipation of inestimable benefit.

Recognizing the existence of this widespread demand, the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) now offers in Nujol an American mineral oil equal in every respect to the best grade of Russian oil.

Nujol is odorless and tasteless, absolutely neutral, and is not digested or absorbed into the system. It acts merely as a mechanical lubricant.

Nujol is not a drug. Its use will not give quick, temporary relief. But Nujol is a genuine remedy in that it relieves constipation in the most natural way by lubricating the lining of the intestines, softening the intestinal contents, and thus promoting healthy and normal bowel activity.

Write for "The Rational Treatment of Constipation," an informative treatise on constipation and the mineral oil treatment. If you cannot get Nujol from your druggist, we will send you a pint bottle prepaid to any point in the United States on receipt of 75c—money order or stamps.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)

Bayonne New Jersey



Keep The Complexion Beautiful Soft and velvety. Money back if not entirely pleased. Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres to the skin. Frequent sunburn and return of discolorations. A million delighted users prove its value. Tints: Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White. By Toilet Counters or Mail, 50c. National Toilet Co., Paris, Tenn.